

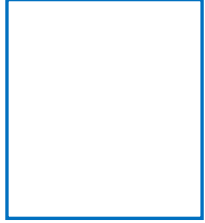


Adı Soyadı :

Numarası :

Konu: Çevre Uzunlukları (Kare ve Dikdörtgenin Çevre Uzunlukları) Etkinliği

Aşağıda kenar uzunlukları verilen karelerin örnekteki gibi iki farklı şekilde çevre uzunluklarını bulunuz.



2 cm

$$\Ç = 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 8 \text{ cm}$$

veya

$$\Ç = 4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ cm}$$



3 cm

$$\Ç = \dots\dots\dots$$

veya

$$\Ç = \dots\dots\dots$$

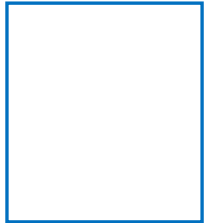


5 cm

$$\Ç = \dots\dots\dots$$

veya

$$\Ç = \dots\dots\dots$$

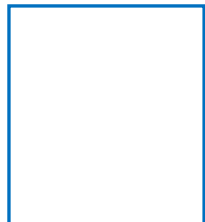


6 cm

$$\Ç = \dots\dots\dots$$

veya

$$\Ç = \dots\dots\dots$$



9 cm

$$\Ç = \dots\dots\dots$$

veya

$$\Ç = \dots\dots\dots$$

Aşağıda çevre uzunlukları verilen karelerin örnekteki gibi bir kenar uzunluğunu bulunuz.

3 cm



$$\text{Çevre uzunluğu} = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Kenar uzunluğu} = 12 \div 4 = 3 \text{ cm}$$



$$\text{Çevre uzunluğu} = 24 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Kenar uzunluğu} = \dots\dots\dots = \dots \text{ cm}$$



$$\text{Çevre uzunluğu} = 36 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Kenar uzunluğu} = \dots\dots\dots = \dots \text{ cm}$$



$$\text{Çevre uzunluğu} = 56 \text{ cm}$$

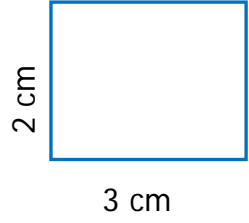
$$\text{Kenar uzunluğu} = \dots\dots\dots = \dots \text{ cm}$$



$$\text{Çevre uzunluğu} = 72 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Kenar uzunluğu} = \dots\dots\dots = \dots \text{ cm}$$

Aşağıda kenar uzunlukları verilen dikdörtgenlerin örnekteki gibi iki farklı şekilde çevre uzunluklarını bulunuz.



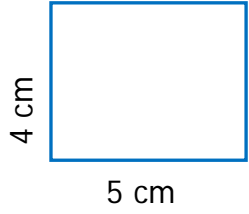
$$\text{Ç} = 3 + 3 + 2 + 2 = 10 \text{ cm}$$

veya

$$2 \times 2 = 4 \text{ cm}$$

$$3 \times 2 = 6 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Ç} = 6 + 4 = 10 \text{ cm}$$



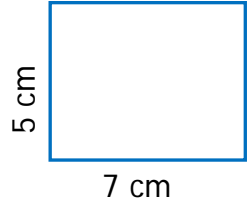
$$\text{Ç} = \dots\dots\dots$$

veya

$$\dots\dots\dots$$

$$\dots\dots\dots$$

$$\text{Ç} = \dots\dots\dots$$



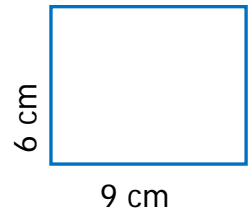
$$\text{Ç} = \dots\dots\dots$$

veya

$$\dots\dots\dots$$

$$\dots\dots\dots$$

$$\text{Ç} = \dots\dots\dots$$



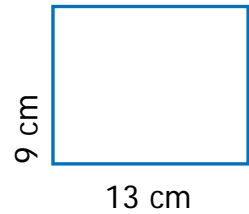
$$\text{Ç} = \dots\dots\dots$$

veya

$$\dots\dots\dots$$

$$\dots\dots\dots$$

$$\text{Ç} = \dots\dots\dots$$



$$\text{Ç} = \dots\dots\dots$$

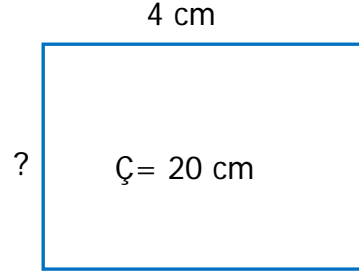
veya

$$\dots\dots\dots$$

$$\dots\dots\dots$$

$$\text{Ç} = \dots\dots\dots$$

Aşağıda çevre uzunlukları verilen dikdörtgenlerin örnekteki gibi bir kenar uzunluğunu bulunuz.

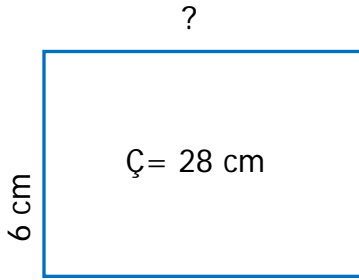


$$4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$20 - 8 = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$12 \div 2 = 6 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Ç} = 6 \text{ cm}$$

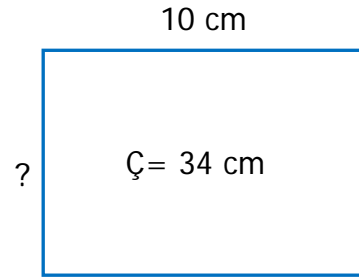


$$\dots \times \dots = \dots$$

$$\dots - \dots = \dots$$

$$\dots \div \dots = \dots$$

$$\text{Ç} = \dots \text{ cm}$$

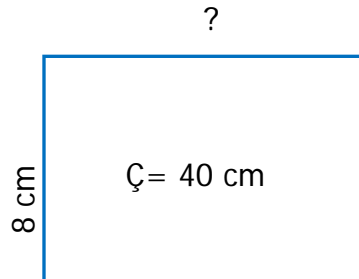


$$\dots \times \dots = \dots$$

$$\dots - \dots = \dots$$

$$\dots \div \dots = \dots$$

$$\text{Ç} = \dots \text{ cm}$$

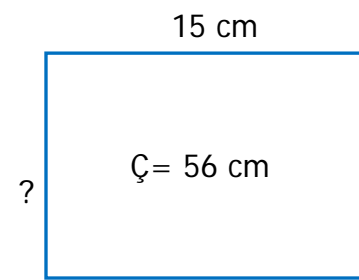


$$\dots \times \dots = \dots$$

$$\dots - \dots = \dots$$

$$\dots \div \dots = \dots$$

$$\text{Ç} = \dots \text{ cm}$$



$$\dots \times \dots = \dots$$

$$\dots - \dots = \dots$$

$$\dots \div \dots = \dots$$

$$\text{Ç} = \dots \text{ cm}$$